Motor Truck Cargo Application (**Including Owner's Goods**)



Арр	licant Name:			D	ate Completed:			
Effe	ctive Date:	to			FEIN:			
Bus	iness Type: 🔲 Individual 🔲 F	Partnership	☐ Corporation	LLC	Other			
Mail	ing Address:							
	(Street, City,	State, Zip Code)						
Web	osite Address:		Phone # (in	cluding area code	e):			
Insp	antina Onatant		O t t - DI-	one #:				
Atta	ch a list of all garaging locations if di	fferent from maili	ng or complete the	following table.				
	Address		Cit	:y	State	Zip Code		
						•		
C			-		1			
	rerages	Deductil	olo ¢					
	Limit \$ Reefer Breakdown	_ Deduciii	ле ф					
	Yes No Deductible \$	(Do	duatible will match	othor porilo doduc	stible aubicat to a mi	oimum of ¢2 E00)		
		(De	ductible will match	other penis deduc	ctible subject to a mi	iiiiuiii 0i \$2,500)		
	Trailer Interchange		# of dove					
	Max value per trailer \$	O a cola li maria cociala († 0	# of days					
	Personal Property Coverage (\$5,000 sublimit with \$250 deductible)							
1.	Increased Electronic Equipment Coverage (up to \$25,000 sublimit with \$1,000 deductible)							
1. 2.								
3.	Describe applicants primary operati							
4.								
٦.	List applicants tinee primary shippe							
5	Percentage of trips of operation in the	he various radius	categories:					
٥.	0-50%		-	301-500	%			
	51-100%			501-over	·			
6.	Complete for all applicable commod							
	Commodities being hauled? Inclu			% of Loads	Maximum Value	Average Value		
	3		<u> </u>	%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		
				%	\$	\$		

\$

\$

%

7.	Historical C	Operating Infor	mation:						
		Gr	oss Receipts	Total Mileage	Owne # Power I		Owner Operator # Power Units		
Сι	rrent Year	\$							
1 st	Year Prior	\$							
2 nd	Year Prior	\$							
3 rd	Year Prior	\$							
8.	If hauling ge	eneral freight c	or dry freight, descri	be:					
9.	Does applicant anticipate hauling goods or entering into a contract that would exceed the policy limit? Yes No If yes, provide details:								
10.	Does applic	cant have loade	ed spare trailers?	☐ Yes ☐ No	If yes, number of	of trailers:			
11.	List security	List security measures taken (including spare loaded trailers):							
	☐ Camera	S	☐ Fence	☐ GPS Tracking Systen	n 🔲 Bar C	ode Scanning			
	☐ Security	Guards	☐ Lighting	☐ King Pin Locks	☐ Other				
12.				nonths) company loss runs owing chart instead of providi		year and 3 pri	or years. If less than 5		
	Policy	Term							
	To	From		Carrier		# of Claim	Total Incurred		
							\$		
							\$		
							\$		
							\$		
13.		list of equipme	ent that includes mo	del year, trade name, type, a	and VIN or comp	olete the follow	ing table.		
\vdash	Year			Make			VIN		
Fili	nas - Compl	lete only if filing	gs are required.						
	vide authorit	,	State #:						
1.		-	-	nt not listed on the vehicle sc	hedule?	Yes 🗌 No			
2.			s under which filing						

Schedule of Coverages - Trip Transit Coverage

Complete only if writing Trip Transit Coverage or endorsement to existing Motor Truck Cargo Liability Policy.

Со	vered Shipment						
1.	Described Property:						
2.	Date of Shipment:			Until		=	
3.	Shipped from:						
4.	Shipped to:						
5.	Requested Limit:	\$					
	Requested deductible	e: \$					
6.	Modes of transportat	ion (check all tha	t apply):	☐ Aircraft	☐ Carrier for Hire	Owned Vehicle	Railroad
7.	Does this shipment r	equire refrigeration	on break	down 🗌 Yes	☐ No (Complete o	nly if existing policy do	es not offer coverage)
	If yes, deductible:	\$	_ (Deduc	ctible will matc	h other perils deductib	le subject to a minimun	n of \$2,500)
F	reight Broker/Freight	Forwarder Rece	eipts - Co	omplete only it	Contingent Cargo cov	erage is desired.	
Brokerage Receipts:		Current year: \$					
		Prior year: §	5				
F	orwarder Receipts:	Current year: \$					
		Prior year:	5				
Т	otal Receipts	Current year: \$					
		Prior year: \$					
Т	ransportation - Comp	lete only if writing	g Transpo	ortation covera	ge.		
M	lodes of Transportation	(complete all the	at apply).				
	☐ Aircraft	%	\$		Limit		
	☐ Owned Vehicle		\$		Limit		
	☐ Carrier for Hire		\$		Limit		
	Railroad	 %	\$		Limit		
	TOTAL	. %			-		

Notice to Nebraska Applicant: No misrepresentations or warranty made by the insured or on his behalf in the negotiation or application of this policy or contract of insurance shall defeat or void the policy or contract or effect the company's obligation under the policy or contract unless such misrepresentation or warranty was material, was made knowingly with the intent to deceive, was relied and acted upon by the company and deceived the company to its injury. The breach of a warranty or condition in any contract or policy of insurance shall not void the policy or allow the company to avoid liability unless such breach exists at the time of the loss and contributes to the loss.

Fraud Notice to Applicants: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime in certain jurisdictions.

FRAUD NOTICES - FOR APPLICANTS OF THE FOLLOWING STATES

Arkansas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

District of Columbia: **Warning** - It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits, if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement or claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Hawaii: For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

Kansas: Any person who commits a "fraudulent insurance act" may be guilty of a criminal offense and subject to penalties under state law. A "fraudulent insurance act" means an act committed by any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for commercial insurance or personal insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial insurance or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Maine: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or denial of insurance benefits.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Massachusetts and Nebraska: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or another person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

New Jersey: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each violation.

Ohio: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma: **Warning** - Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon: Any person who makes an intentional misstatement that is material to the risk may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Tennessee: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

Vermont: Any person who knowingly presents a false statement in an application for insurance may be guilty of a criminal offense and subject to penalties under state law.

Virginia: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

Signature:	Date:		
Authorized Entity Representative			
Signature:	Date:		
Agent			
Required in the State of Florida:			
Signature:	Date:		
Authorized Entity Representative			
Signature:	Date:	Agent License #:	
Agent			
Required in the State of Iowa:			
Signature:	Date:		
Signature: Authorized Entity Representative			
Signature:	Date:		
Agent			
Name of Soliciting Agent:		Date:	
Please Pi	rint		